THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Presidential Campaign Begun by Republican Congressmen.

The Chalmers-Manning Contest to be Decided on its Merits.

Frye Denounces Drinking Practices at the Capitol.

Republican Caucus

WASHINGTON, January 16.—A joint republican caucus of senators and representatives was held to night to appoint a congressional campaign committee. More than 125 members of congress were present. Senator Edmunds presided, Representative Miller, of Pennsylvania, secretary. In taking the chair Senator Edmunds said the outlook for the republican party in '84 was at this early period of the campaign better than at any time in the past fifteen years. Every class believes the party will be successful if it only exercises wisdom in selecting a candidate. The following resolutions were offered by Senator Hoar:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this meeting that a republican congressional campaign committee be immediately organized consisting of one member from each state and territory having a republican representative for the preparation and circulation of documents concerning subjects pending in congress and other political information, and the execution of such other campaign work as may be agreed upon by that committee and the republican national committee

Resolved, That we express sympathy with and will extend co-operation in all practicable ways to all southern republicans struggling for the exercise of the vital and fundamental right of free suffrage in popular elections; and no less do we pledge our friendship and assistance to all citizens of the southern states who have not been republicans but are manfully contending against the proscription or murder of voters, freedom of politics, honest political methods and public education for the whole people; and we recommend the prompt and cordial union of republicans with all such patriotic citizens whose combined efforts shall redeem their states from fatal dominations and false, dishonoring practices.

The resolutions were warmly applauded by the caucus when received After being favorably commented on by Senators Hoar, Logan and Hawley and Representatives Hiscock and Mayo they were unanimously adopted. The members of the committee agreed upon by representatives of the states were. California, Senator Miller; Florida, H Bisbee; Illinois, G. R. Davis, Iowa, Senator Allison; Kansas, Thomas Ryan, Massachusetts, Senator Hoar, Minnesota, W. D. Washburn; Mississippi, Judge Jeffords; Nevada, Senator Jones, New Hampshire, Senator Blair, New Jersey, Senator Sewell; New York, F. Hiscock; North Carolina, James E. O'Hara, Ohio, William McKinley, jr.; Pennsylvania, J. M. Campbell; South Carolina, E. W. Mackey; Vermont, J. W. Stewart; West Virginia, Nathan Goff, jr.; Wisconsin, Senator Sawyer, Dakota, J. D. Raymond; Idaho, Theodore Singiser; New Mexico, T. Luna, Washington territory, T. H. Brents.

When the call was made for a member of the committee from Utah Senator Edmunds remarked, "Of course that's represented by democrats." Other state delegations not being fully represented those present asked leave to present members of the committee at some future time. They were requested to name a committeeman as soon as possible. The secretary of the caucus was authorized to call a meeting of the committee next Monday night at the Arlington hotel. At that meeting the chairman and executive committee will be appointed.

The Committees

WASHINGTON, January 16.—At a meeting of the senate committee on public lands Senator Van Wyck's bill for the relief of settlers on the public domain in Nebraska and Kansas was ordered reported favorably. It provides for the payment of two dollars and a half per acre to persons who took up lands under the homestead or pre emption laws within the limits of the northern Kansas land grant. With this sum the claimant is expected to extinguish the title of the company. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars are appropriated.

The house committee on elections decided to seat neither Chalmers nor Manning on prima facie evidence. The report will be submitted to the house to-morrow. The case will be considered on its merits.

The secretaries of war and navy appeared before the house committee on appropriations in behalf of an appropriation for a Greeley relief expedition. The president will send in a message on the subject.

Brewster Cameron appeared before the house committee on expenditures in the department of justice again to day and gave a list of twenty five more names of persons whose official conduct has been investigated on account of alleged irregularities and tendering fraudulent accounts Some of these men, Cameron said, had been convicted.

Senators' Tea

WASHINGTON, January 16.—During consideration of the rules of the senate to-day, when the rule forbidding the sale of liquors in the capitol was reached, Bayard moved to strike out the words "or malt" so as to exclude malt liquors from the capitol. Bayard said he was strongly in favor of the exclusion of the sale of spirituous liquors in the capitol, but was not willing to exclude malt liquors. Frye said, "Why, Mr. President, I have seen a restaurant of one of these houses become an open, notorious, low, miserable groggery I have seen a man with pantaloons inside of his boots and his coarse blouse on standing at the bar of a restaurant of one of the houses of congress drinking miserable whiskey out of a cup" "A tin cup?" inquired some member. "No, sir," said Frye, "a crockery cup, and I have seen whisky ordered again and again and called 'tea' and brought and served in a cup and saucer. Anybody, whether a member of congress or otherwise, can sit down and order his 'tea' and drink it out of a cup" He continued "Whether there is anything wrong in it or not there is something utterly disgusting about it and entirely unbecoming the character and dignity of the capitol of the United States." Bayard called the yeas and nays on the adoption of his amendment, but the difference was adjusted without a vote by striking out the words "spirituous and malt" and inserting the words "intoxicating." This word Frye said was satisfactory to him, as it was the language of the prohibitory statutes of Maine. It was also satisfactory to Bayard and the rule was adopted.

Official Irregularities

WASHINGTON, January 16.—Ralph Ballin, special examiner, will be sent to South Carolina to present the cases of 16 United States deputy marshals to the grand jury. Ballin also appeared before a committee and gave his experience as examiner in Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Florida, New York and Pennsylvania. He began with his experience in Georgia in the fall of '81 and the spring of '82. In the examination of accounts of U. S. Marshal Fitzsimmons, predecessor of Gen. Longstreet, Ballin said a shortage of $23,000 was found. The official had never been prosecuted nor had anything been recovered from Fitzsimmons or his bondsmen. Erroneous charges on the part of deputy marshals under Longstreet, amounting to $4,000 or $5,000, had been submitted through Longstreet. He, however, was not blamed by Ballin, as the overchaiges were made by deputy marshals, who were punished.

A Chance for Dorsey.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—Certain prominent politicians here are more or less disturbed in their minds by rumors wafted from New Mexico. An application will soon be made for its admission as a state, and it is claimed that when it is admitted, as it will be sooner or later, the first man elected to the United States senate will be Stephen W. Dorsey. It is known that he is very popular throughout the territory, and his friends say there would be little if any opposition to his election. Mr. Dorsey is believed to have about his person a large and varied assortment of old scores growing out of the star route prosecution and that he is eagerly waiting and watching for an opportunity to get even. His memory is said to be in a healthy condition, and with him on the floor of the senate there would be some lively hustling.

XLVIII Congress

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—The bill prepared by cattlemen for the extirpation of the lung plague was submitted for consideration by the following members of the house committee on agriculture: Hatch, Dibrell, Winans, Cullen, Wilson and Ochiltree.

Hatch, chairman of the committee on agriculture, reported a resolution requesting the president to transmit to the house correspondence held by the state department from all foreign governments on the subject of importation of American hog products to their countries.

Shelly offered a resolution requesting the secretary of war to report as to the necessity for making immediate appropriations for continuing work on important river and harbor improvements until appropriations for the next fiscal year are available. Referred.

Rice, of the committee on foreign affairs, reported a resolution calling on the secretary of state for information whether Spain has heretofore paid interest stipulated and one per cent on nominal value of rent provided by the treaty of November 1st, '34. Adopted.

Slocum introduced a joint resolution authorizing the secretary of war to permit Antonio Berreo of Gautemala and Jose Zavala of Nicaragua to receive instruction at the West Point military academy without expense to the United States, and suspending in their case the provision of law requiring military service. Passed.

A senate bill passed authorizing the First National bank of Fort Worth to increase capital stock.

Throckmorton offered a resolution instructing the committee on ways and means to inquire into the expediency of abolishing or consolidating any customs or internal revenue districts. Referred.

Cosgrove, of the committee on postoffices and postroads, reported a bill to provide more speedy delivery of letters at delivery offices. House calendar.

The house went into committee of the whole, Cox of New York in the chair, on the senate bill appropriating $1,000,000 for continuing work of improvement on the Mississippi river.

Skinner, of New York, opposed the bill, declaring that there was nothing in it which declared its object was the improvement of navigation in the Mississippi river. He said that fairly stated the proposition was the appropriation of $1,000,000 for the purpose of building up levees on the Mississippi. Was there any assurance that the money would be expended honestly? Wherever there was a million to expend there were always a set of men combining to direct the expenditure of the appropriation. It was true that "westward the course of empire takes its way," but he was not willing to admit the Mississippi was the only river in the United States The gentlemen seemed to forget the great lakes and water ways from the west—to the east, through which nine tenths of the commerce of the west flowed. He believed that when congress had poured $50,000,000 into the Mississippi river navigation would be no better than to-day.

Warner said the question involved not $1,000,000 nor $100,000,000, but if the plan of the commission was carried out the treasury might be emptied into the river and good be accomplished thereby, and in the end there would be the same trouble from overflow

White, of Kentucky, stated that his objection to the bill was that the house did not have before it the report of the commission This measure was recommended by the president in a special message For that reason the house was asked to pass the bill During last congress the president vetoed the river and harbor bill and the veto was not in the interest of cheap transportation but in the interest of railroad corporations If he expected to control the Chicago convention on the third of June by bidding for southern votes by recommending this Mississippi river job, he had better look a little sharp

Browne of Indiana opposed the bill, predicting that it would be demonstrated that the Mississippi river commission plan was the greatest extravagance He favored the outlet system of improvement.

Breckenridge asked if the house meant to set its judgment against the scientific investigation of engineers. Did it mean to say that though it had not investigated the subject it knew more than all the engineers put together and would wreck the entire business? Should congress on the first symptom of cure discharge the practitioner and the commission be left with empty hands? The Mississippi river from the character of the soil and the nature of the stream could destroy in a few hours the outlay of years and millions of money.

The time for general debate having expired Holman offered an amendment providing that no money, except so much as is necessary to protect works in progress in other portions of the river from waste and injury, be expended in continuance of works on some one reach now in process of improvement. He advocated the amendment, contending that as the work of improvement was an experiment it should be confined to one reach, say the Plum Point reach, and not to extend the whole length of the river.

Jeffords said there was not one word in the bill on the subject of levees When the proper time came those in favor of levees would be ready to discuss the matter. Under the general welfare clause of the constitution congress would be asked to appropriate money for the purpose of building levees.

Ellis, Gibson and Wilson of Iowa opposed the amendment, the latter remarking that since the beginning of improvement of the Mississippi New Orleans had become the second export city of the country. To show the importance of the improvement he stated that the work already done had compelled the Canadians to improve the Welland canal, having the effect of bringing down the cost of transportation.

Hiscock supported the amendment.

White, of Kentucky, moved that the committee rise, report the bill to the house and ask reference to the committee on rivers and harbors with instructions not to report it back until the secretary of war should furnish the house an itemized account of expenditure for improvement of the Mississippi river from July 1st, '79 to January 16th, '84. Lost.

Holman's amendment was lost 100 to 132.

Hiscock offered an amendment providing that money appropriated be expended on the Plum Point and Lake Providence reaches, except what was necessary to preserve property of the United States and other works already commenced, but not to further extend the same.

Belford approved the amendment and in the course of his remarks asserted that 95 per cent. of appropriations heretofore made by congress had gone to benefit Pennsylvania, New York and New England, and called on the south and west to join in a demand for a distribution of the money which they contributed to place in the treasury. They should have their just and honest share.

Potter stated that the chief engineer had recommended that the improvement be confined to certain parts of the work. Let it be shown that the plan is successful and the whole land will be willing to go on with the work and make the necessary appropriation of $1,000,000 for the purpose.

Hiscock's amendment was rejected 104 to 110.

The committee rose and reported house and senate bills to the house.

Hiscock moved to commit the senate report back with the addition of his amendment offered in committee of the whole. Pending vote the house adjourned.

SENATE.

At the conclusion of the morning hour the senate after slight amendment adopted the rules.

Hoar called up his bill providing for counting the electoral vote, the bill being the same as the bill passed by the senate in the 7th congress. It was again passed without debate.

Miller of New York presented memorial from the committee of the national stock convention at Chicago on the subject of European discrimination against American cattle and meats. In connection with the memorial Miller presented a bill entitled "A bill to provide means for the suppression and extirpation of pleuro-pneumonia and other contagious diseases of domestic animals," which, he said, contained the views of the cattle breeders' convention. The bill was read the second time and referred to the committee on agriculture.

Plumb by request submitted a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in the United States. Referred. It was submitted in order to be printed for consideration at the proper time for amendment.

The resolution of Anthony relating to European exclusion of American meats was amended as follows: "And the committee on foreign relations is further instructed to report what discriminations are made against ex ports from the United States by the tariff laws of the principal countries of Europe and America, especially France, Germany, Mexico and Brazil, by reason of commercial or other special treaties with more favored nations, and report causes which have led to such discrimination and efforts if any made to remove them, also, what legislation is necessary to place the United States on an equal footing with the more favored nations. This legislation, however, shall not delay the work of the committee in the first branch of the inquiry." Ordered printed.

GENERAL NEWS.

An American's View of the Situation in Tonquin.

Passenger Rates from Kansas City to be Maintained.

Twenty-Six Injured by Tuesday's Disaster at Bradford.

The Feeling in China

NEW YORK, January 16.—A private letter from a gentleman residing in Canton, dated December 5, says China is determined to fight and war can only be avoided by France backing clear down to the ground France has made an awful muddle of the whole affair. Had she acted with force at first Tonquin would now be hers and everything be quiet The idea of occupying a country with only a thousand troops is too absurd for serious contemplation, but that is just what France attempted. France in her delay and want of resolution led China to believe fear kept her back and this idea has taken such a hold in the Chinese mind that she will not be satisfied with anything short of complete surrender of the position which France has assumed in Tonquin Troops are pouring in from the north and being raised here The writer says a Chinaman told him the other day that it is no use trying to get along peaceably with a country like France, which is the most troublesome nation that ever existed China must rise up as one man and crush the pride of the French Germany tried it, but although she succeeded in winning the day, stopped short of the work. So now it rests with China to complete the humiliation of proud and arrogant France. Such is the sentiment of all the Chinese from the highest to the lowest

HONG KONG, January 16.—The Chinese expect if Bachinh falls into the hands of the French the latter will either occupy Yu Lin Kan, the southern city on the island of Hai Nan or bombard Canton. The French repudiate any such idea

The Bradford Disaster

PITTSBURG, January 16.—The Chronicle-Telegraph's Bradford, Pa., special says. The remains of Miss Moran, one of the victims of yesterday's disaster on the Bradford & Kinzua railroad were taken to Oil City this morning for interment. The funeral of Mrs. Sadie Benoir takes place at Bradford this afternoon. It is not known what disposition will be made of Mrs. Jones. The injured number 26 and most of them are doing well except Professor Fought, of Tarpoe, Pa., W H. Belknap, of Aiken, N. Y., and Geo. McCartney, newsboy, who is not expected to live. A coroner's jury is in session

The Hannibal Routes

KANSAS CITY, January 16.—In pursuance of notice the Hannibal road this morning withdrew formally from the Kansas City passenger agents' agreement. The remaining parties met and agreed in writing to continue the observance of the agreement until otherwise ordered by joint action of the members. This, they say, means maintenance of rates unless a cut is inaugurated by the Hannibal. The latter's agent has received no instructions to make war, hence rates are undisturbed except for the recent cut of four dollars to New York.

Railroad Consolidation

KANSAS CITY, January 16.—The Journal of to morrow will say it has information of an authoritative character that a consolidation will in all probability be formally effected of the Hannibal and Council Bluffs roads with the Burlington at a meeting for that purpose early in February. The first of the two lines is to be operated as the "Missouri division of the C, B. & Q system"

Mexican Reciprocity Treaty

WASHINGTON, January 16.—It is expected a considerable portion of the present week will be devoted by the senate to the consideration of the Mexican reciprocity treaty. A proposition has been made in executive session to have the discussion take place with open doors. Many senators expressed themselves in favor of the scheme, but precedents, with one exception, are against such a course, and it is uncertain what decision will be reached. It is believed the treaty will be ratified, but serious objections will be made during the progress of the discussion. There are senators who apprehend war and prospective annexation as the result of the complication they think sure to grow out of the attempts of Americans to establish themselves in Mexico. Others hold to the opinion if the president and senate may establish free trade relations with one nation they may with all, and thus exclude the popular branch of congress from any participation in the exercise of one of the most important functions of government, that of raising revenue. It will also be argued that reciprocity treaties exist between Mexico and other powers, conferring upon them all the advantages granted the most favored nation, and the ratification of the present treaty would not, therefore, confer upon the United States conspicuous advantages, since the other treaty nations must be admitted to share the benefits. By the provisions of the treaty the ratification must take place the present week or the matter falls.

WASHINGTON, January 16.—No apparent progress was made in the Mexican treaty to day, although the senate devoted nearly four hours to its consideration. Its friends are much less confident of its ratification to-night than earlier in the week. It is said nearly one-half of the southern senators have expressed either open opposition to the treaty or strong doubts of its utility. They say it opens no market for the southern staples as neither meats, flour nor cotton products can be exported into Mexico under its provisions Petroleum, said one southern senator, will be the chief export to Mexico and the Standard Oil company the chief beneficiary

A Bankrupt Law Wanted

WASHINGTON, January 16.—A national convention of commercial bodies to consider the question of the enactment of a uniform equitable bankrupt law met to night. Eighty-five commercial bodies were represented from twenty six states, and three national associations were represented A B. Miller of New York called the convention to order The convention was permanently organized by the election of J. L. Torrey of the merchants's exchange, St Louis, chairman, George Moore Smith, New York, secretary. Among the vice-presidents are Alva Adams of Colorado A committee was appointed to consider the merits of several propositions and report to the convention to-morrow. Adjourned.

Washington Notes

Col. Robt. Murray's nomination as surgeon-general was confirmed.

The president nominated Albert Schuneman, of Colorado, receiver of public moneys at Prescott, Arizona.

The commissioner of internal revenue, in order to afford further facilities for bottling fermented liquors for export, has decided to extend to forty-eight hours the time within which such liquors may be bottled after inspection and marking of original stamped packages by the inspector.

Senator Fair of Nevada gave an elegant entertainment at Wormley's last evening to thirty friends, including several senators and representatives with their wives, and a number of citizens prominent in society here. The floral display was beautiful and the whole affair one of the most attractive of the season.

The bill for a ship canal around Niagara provides for its construction by the Niagara company, of New York, to connect navigation waters of Lakes Erie and Ontario and the beginning of surveys for the work within six months of the passage of the act; the location of the canal to be made by a board of five commissioners appointed by the president.

A Horrible Affair

FALL RIVER, Mass., January 16.—About 10 o'clock to-night a gentleman passing the residence of Chas. P. Stickney discovered a blaze in the upper chambers Entering the house he was met by a horrible sight. Just outside the door on the stairs was Stickney, his clothing in flames and hands shockingly burned. At the head of the stairs lay Mrs. Stickney, dead, her clothing burned off. It is learned that Stickney's clothing took fire in his endeavor to save his wife. The servant girl, the only other inmate, could give no particulars regarding the cause of the fire Stickney's condition is precarious. Stickney is one of the three Fall River defaulters sentenced at Concord.

A Turbulent Meeting

NEW YORK, January 16.—At the Ontario & Western meeting Houston was elected chairman. Jordan moved that the meeting adjourn for thirty days and an investigation committee be appointed to report on the condition of the company Great excitement prevailed. The meeting was crowded. Houston, the chairman, refused to put certain motions and Jordan put themself and declared his resolution carried. Houston declared the whole matter out of order. The meeting adjourned until half-past one. It is rumored that the action of Jordan was probably inspired by S. J. Tilden.

Labor Troubles in France

PARIS, January 16.—Workingmen's delegates had a conference to-day with members of the party of the extreme left in the chamber of deputies. The delegates pointed out that 150,000 hands were out of employment and demanded that the chamber arrange to provide work for them. Clemence advised the delegates to return and obtain a mandate from the workingmen. The delegates refused to withdraw. The deputies urged the delegates to remain calm, saying it was necessary before taking action to have an explicit statement of the workingmen's wishes.

Dead-Lock in Kentucky

LOUISVILLE, January 16.—Democrats held another caucus meeting to night. A dead-lock was the result It is not likely to be broken for days. A caucus will be held again Thursday night

A Gould Purchase

SAN FRANCISCO, January 16.—A Bulletin, Port Orford, Oregon, special says. Jay Gould has purchased a large water front property at that place. No details.

Severe on Gamblers

GALVESTON, January 16.—A News Dallas special says: In the county court to-day Chas. Mathews was convicted of gambling and fined $50 and costs. He then compromised 34 other cases, paying $1,400 in fines and costs. Numerous cases are pending against other gamblers.

A Praiseworthy Aim

LONDON, January 16.—In a speech at Newcastle last night Chamberlain, president of the board of trade, said the government would not consider its task complete until Irishmen possess the same rights and privileges as Englishmen and Scotchmen.

Midnight Assassination.

EASTON, Pa., January 16.—D. B. Hill, a merchant of High Bridge, N. J., was called to his store at three this morning and shot dead by three masked men. Two balls were lodged in his head, No property was disturbed.

COLORADO MATTERS.

Gen. Carr Elected Commander of Colorado G. A. R.

Extreme Cold Reported West of the Mountains.

A Gunnison Murderer Captured in Arkansas.

G A R Election

DENVER, January 16.—At the session of the department encampment G. A. R this afternoon Byron L. Carr of Longmont was elected department commander on the first ballot; George I Breed of Pueblo senior vice-commander, and Henry C. Olney of Lake City junior vice-commander. The sessions of the encampment are secret, hence no particulars.

A Gunnison Blaze

DENVER, January 16.—The Times Gunnison special says The wholesale liquor establishment of L Lindauer, on Tomichi avenue, caught fire at 7 o'clock this morning. The building is a wreck. The stock was valued at $16,000. The total loss is probably $5,000, the insurance being $12,000, taken by G. W. Pettit and M M. Jones, jr., all in first class companies. The fire department worked well. The thermometer is 30 below zero.

A Killer Caught

DENVER, January 16.—Sheriff Bowman of Gunnison arrived in the city last night and applied to Governor Grant for a requisition for Benjamin Smith, who is now in jail in Little Rock, Arkansas, charged with the murder of F. W. Stahl in Gunnison county on the 18th of September of last year. The requisition was obtained and the officer left immediately for Little Rock. The circumstances of the murder are mysterious. The 18th of September Stahl was found where he had slept the night before with two bullet holes through his head. Sheriff Bowman found that Stahl, who was a stranger in the county, had a traveling companion. He began investigations and discovered that the team with which the men were traveling belonged to Stahl. After the murder Smith took it and started with other personal effects and left the state. He sold the team and some other things and returned to Arkansas, from where the two men originally came. When arrested Smith still had some of Stahl's property in his possession.

Mormon Comments.

SALT LAKE, January 16.—Mormon papers comment severely on the governor's message. The News says it is matter of regret that the governor allowed himself to become the tool of a clique hostile to a majority of the people. With a genial disposition, a fair record as a soldier, he ought to hold himself aloof from such influences. He has made himself the enemy of the territory, the slanderer of its citizens and the instrument of evil men for the overthrow of Utah.

The Herald says: "We can tell the governor the authors of the message. If they desired the paper to carry weight, they overshot the mark, and will be disappointed from first to last. It is an assault upon the people and their religion. Viciousness runs through the entire document. We hope the legislature will treat the ill-timed threats with contempt. In none of its acts will it be swerved or influenced by menaces and intimidations."

Nutt's Trial.

PITTSBURG, January 16.—In the Nutt trial Playford opened for the defense this morning, outlining the case, which will be emotional insanity. The defense did not deny the killing but would show that at the time the deed was committed past wrongs and outrages upon his family made the defendant unable to control his will. He would prove that after the shooting of his father liability to mental disturbances, hereditary in the family, took a strong hold and affected his reason. Dr. Fuller testified that he was the family physician for seventeen years; always believed James mentally deficient and inclined to harbor feelings of enmity until he became a monomaniac. He considered him imbecile. Mrs. Nutt said James for a week before Dukes was shot would scream murder in his sleep and frequently walked the floor and wept.

At the afternoon session Mrs. Nutt was cross-examined. Nothing new was elicited save that before James left home on the morning Dukes was killed she warned him to be careful. Mrs. Anna Wells, James' grand mother, and James Wells and Stephen Nutt, uncles, corroborated previous witness regarding defendant's mental condition. Stephen Nutt explained the pistol practice by saying that it was without design. The words 'Don't fail, Jim,' brought out by the commonwealth yesterday, were nothing but an injunction to attend to cutting grass.

Public Bequests.

ST. LOUIS, January 16.—The will of Ralph Sellers, who died suddenly at the Lindell hotel yesterday, was probated to-day. He bequeaths $80,000 to St Louis institutions, $40,000 of which to the manual training school, Washington university $10,000; St. Luke's hospital $10,000; the Mission free school $5,000, and $5,000 each to the Missouri Historical society, the Episcopal Orphans' home, the Memorial home and the German Protestant Orphans' home.

A Terrible Fall.

LONDON, January 16.—While ten men and a boy were in a cage in the Gamant colliery, Wales, the rope broke and they were hurled to the bottom. All were killed.

DAILY GAZETTE.

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WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

Per Annum	$2 00	Six Months.	$1.00
Three Months	.50	One Month	25

ADVERTISING

Rates made known on application at the office.

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river.

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

Mr. R. B. Taylor is authorized collector and solicitor for the Gazette Publishing company.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the Gazette to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the Weekly Gazette must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

B. W. STEELE,
Manager of the Gazette.

Considering our esteemed contemporary was very anxious to get the data regarding a recent lecture given for the benefit of the meteorological observatory of Colorado College so that the public should be informed, it is a matter of some surprise that the interesting statement given to the public by Professor Lond should not have found place in its columns. Perhaps the Republic did not desire to get information for the public and had some other purpose. Certainly after so vigorously and frequently demanding it, even if it did not take the trouble to seek it, it is peculiar that it did not give it when the details were at hand. We regret that it objects to the expression "our esteemed contemporary." It is considered proper to state specifically those things which do not go without saying.

The Republic understood the gross receipts of the Miss Faithfull lecture were to go to the college. We hardly think that this could be the general understanding, as we have never known of any such case unless the expenses were paid beforehand by subscription. It is always understood that there will be expenses. While the owners of the opera house generously gave their usual percentage to the object, it was not to be expected that Mr. Nye could afford to give all the expenses attending the opening of the opera house. It were asking much more than would be expected of a rich man. Mr. Nye kindly covered his expenses which are estimated at about $80 for each entertainment and he received only $27. As to the fee paid Miss Faithfull it was small (much less than her regular fee) and only covered what might legitimately be called her expenses. All who has interest in getting money for this object fully understood the details. Her fee would have been no larger had the receipts been twice as large. There were no other expenses whatever for this lecture, which is somewhat unusual. If there is any one, as the Republic affirms, who understood that the gross receipts and not the net receipts above the legitimate and very limited expenses, were to go to the college, we will gladly see that the college gets the proportion of his subscription for tickets that has been applied to expenses.

The following sketch of "Two Georges" from the Boston Advertiser is very striking in its coincidences:

"At the dinner of the Middlesex club Saturday, complimentary to the Hon. George A Bruce, president of the senate, and the Hon. George A. Marden, speaker of the house, the presiding officer introduced a personal topic of interest, by saying. It is somewhat singular that two New Hampshire boys who studied in the same school on Mount Vernon, should again sit under the gilded dome presiding over the general court of the great state of Massachusetts Their rule might be termed the rule of "the two Georges" [laughter]—of George I. and George II, for they come pretty near together, there being less than two months difference in their respective ages. Mr. Bruce when he was called upon, referred to the subject by saying that he and Speaker Marden were natives of the same town, had attended the same public school, went to college together, went through their examination together, came to Boston at the same time, and, after being roommates together at Concord, renewed similar relations here, the one following law and the other journalism on the Advertiser. He also adverted to their both going to the war about the same time and returning almost together, and their intimate and close relations up to the present time, which he hoped would continue through life. Speaker Marden recapitulated at greater length than had President Bruce the varied incidents of his own and that gentleman's early history, and accredited the fact that they had both agreed so well through life to the one thing that they were each the sons of abolitionist fathers"

Senator Hill's postal telegraph bill seems to be attracting more attention than any other national bill before congress. As he is chairman of the senate committee on post offices and post roads he will have the management of the bill in the senate. Senator Edmunds introduced a bill in the beginning of the session, but he has decided to support Senator Hill's bill with a few modifications of his own It will therefore be championed on the floor by the ablest debater in the senate. Senator Hill's bill is especially strong in its practical features, because besides making a careful study on the subject himself, he has had an expert in his employ who has carefully studied the English system and has gathered many valuable statistics regarding the telegraph business in this country. This expert is amply competent to do this as he has held important positions in the Western Union company and is thoroughly familiar with the details of the business. Senator Hill's bill will not therefore be marked with the impracticability and immaturity of many such bills that are presented to congress. Colorado has a special interest in this bill outside of the benefit its passage may be to us. It is the first bill of great national importance that any Colorado congressman or senator has ever brought before congress and it will strengthen the respect for our delegation in congress, if the bill is wisely managed in the senate. If it does not pass the senate it will be the first important bill introduced by Senator Hill that has not. He does not introduce many bills, but those he does introduce, he works for and gets through the senate. We hope the bill will pass because it will be a national benefit, and also because it will reflect credit on a very industrious representative from this state

PERSONAL

Ex Senator John Pool, of North Carolina, who labored hard to break up the kuklux klan in the southern states while in the senate in 1869 and 1870, is making a moderate living practicing law in Washington

Mgr. Capel at a recent reception in Washington wore a most striking costume. The undergarment was of black cloth, tight fitting, over which was thrown a gorgeous crimson vestment, with bands of the same upon the sleeves The robe is full dress of his ecclesiastical position.

During the last fortnight in the old year 800 vagrants were arrested in the streets of Paris, and no fewer than twenty of them were men whose ages ranged from 90 to 99 years Several of the men declared that they had not slept in a bed, except when in jail, during the last thirty years.

Stephen A Douglas, Jr., is in Florida visiting his uncle, Judge Thos Settle, at whose home in Rockingham county, North Carolina, he lived for much of the time during several years following the war in company with his brother, Robert M Douglas, now United States marshal for that district

While discrediting the report of Mr. A. C Swinburne's proposed American lecture tour, a writer in the Cardiff (Wales) Times says "He is one of the best talkers we have. Like Carlyle and like Metternich, his want is to take a subject and to exhaust it But then there is always a danger lest he should exhaust you. He likes to hear himself talk"

Mr Brandley tells a story in the Fortnightly Review of how, not long ago, the sultan was described as being "immersed in affairs," whereas in reality he was found "during the acute state of a recent crisis busily engaged in "correcting the rules and regulations for the safe chantant of some obscure town on the banks of the Bosphorus"

The American consul at Crefeld has reported to his government that all the marriages between American young ladies and German noblemen of which he has heard (thirty-one in number) have resulted in divorce, abandonment, or separation. "It would be interesting," remarks Mr. Labouchere, "if he would state whether this has been the fault of the noblemen or of the ladies"

Marlborough.

Temple Bar

The most conspicuous figure in this great contest was certainly the renowned Marlborough; and it may be doubted if a more perfect general has ever appeared on the stage of history. He possessed, in an extraordinary degree, pentration, insight and quick decision; and he was thus enabled, with unerring judgment, to seize advantages on the field of battle which caused victory to attend his standards. No one has surpassed him in the art of seeing the weak points in an enemy's line and in strengthening the positions held by himself, and he had the steady purpose and the calm, firm will which turned this knowledge to the best account. His two greatest triumphs, Blenheim and Ramilies, were due largely to these peculiar gifts; in the first he perceived that the point of junction between the armies of Tallard and Marsin was the spot upon which to collect his efforts; in the second he saw that the French left was paralyzed through its false position, and that he could strike the right with overpowering force; and his admirable plans of attack were carried out with a vigor and power that were all his own. He was, in a word, a consummate tactician; nor was he inferior, perhaps, as a strategist. The backward state, indeed, of the military art, and his dependence on jealous and timid allies, prevented him from carrying out projects of the highest order in the annals of war; and he probably had not the transcendent faculties which characterize the great moves of Napoleon. The operations, however, that led to Blenheim were admirable specimens of combination, and Marlborough's darling plan of invading France, neglecting or masking the frontier fortresses, was far in advance of the ideas of his age, and anticipated the Napoleonic strategy. We do not undervalue Eugene of Savoy; he was an excellent commander on the field of battle, as his great victory of Turin proves, and his campaigns on the Adige and the Po show that he had a fine intelligence and a strong, bold character. In our judgment, however, the only chief who approached Marlborough in this memorable strife was the high-souled and most able Villars, one of the grandest soldiers of the French monarchy. Villars, doubtless, had not the astonishing skill in manœuvre of his far-famed rival; he was outgeneraled more than once by Marlborough; and the Englishman forced the celebrated lines which the Frenchman boasted were "his *ne plus ultra*" Nevertheless Villars was a great captain; he was alike daring and prompt in action, and yet singularly prudent and wise in judgment, his tenacity and vigor have been seldom equaled, and no general has possessed in a higher degree the faculty of playing a losing game, of bidding defiance to adverse fortune, of animating troops with his own heroic spirit. As a strategist, too, he is in the foremost rank; his project of invading Austria was that of Napoleon in 1805 9, and his stubborn defense of the French frontier against the victorious troops of Marlborough, with ultimate and surprising success, if not faultless, was able in the extreme. Denain, moreover, was in its way, as decisive as any battle in the war; and if Villars fell back from the field of Malplaquet—the grandest perhaps of defensive actions—his defeat was worth many triumphs for France, for it really dissolved the alliance against her and saved the monarchy of Louis XIV.

English and French Justice

John Bull and his Island Max O'Rell

If, in France, a man is accused of stealing a watch, the Juge d'Instruction invariably says to him. "The best thing you can do is to make a full confession," or, "You are charged with stealing a watch, prove that you are innocent." In England, the accused person is told "You are charged with stealing a watch, you have nothing to say, we shall have to prove it." Such are the two different manners of proceeding. No inquisition in the shape of a private examination. No prevention—that is to say that, except in grave cases, the prisoner is liberated on bail. He appears before a magistrate, in public, the very day after his arrest. If he makes a full confession, the magistrate advises him to reserve his defense and to plead not guilty. He is not made to undergo any examination, and it is prepared that he should not admit his guilt, in order that, by independent evidence, the charge may be brought home to him. Besides, it is quite common here to see people giving themselves up to justice and asserting that they have committed some crime. It is a very frequent mania When any case of murder remains obscured in mystery all the drunkards take it into their heads that they committed it, and they go and give themselves up to the police. An inquiry is made and they are set at liberty. The examination of the witnesses is done by counsel. The judge presides over the proceedings, he acts as moderator. The prisoner is quietly seated in the dock, he listens, the poor witnesses pass an uncomfortable quarter of an hour in the hands of the lawyers. In order that the jury may not be influenced by the antecedents of the prisoner, if they should be bad, no reference to them is permitted. If he is found guilty, a member of the police comes forward to prove that the prisoner has already undergone several sentences, and then the judge applies the full rigor of the law. As to the witnesses, every effort is made to show that their evidence is not trustworthy. The most incongruous questions are put to them. We beside them if there exists any page in their past life that they would fain keep secret, "Are you married to the man you live with?" a woman may be asked. "Are you a faithful wife? Is it not a fact that you are addicted to drinking?" She has to answer all this, There are some who get angry over it, and the audience enjoy the fun.

A Cuban Bride's Trousseau.

New York Post.

A magnificent bridal trousseau is being prepared in this city for the daughter of a wealthy Cuban. One dress, which the bride will wear at the levee following her wedding, is of primrose-colored satin, over a skirt of dark ruby velvet. The court train of the satin is exceedingly long and bordered with an elaborate hand embroidery of tea roses, scarlet carnations and shaded green leaves. The satin bodice is cut Louis XIV-style and trimmed down the sides with the floral embroidery, opening in front over a waistcoat of the ruby velvet, which is fastened with buttons of pale gold studded with real gems, a gift from the bride's father. A second dress is of amber satin, completely veiled with ruffles of rare lace and garnished with bouquets of Jacqueminot roses and foliage.

The traveling dress is of myrtle-green India cloth, trimmed with dark-green feather trimming. Above this is to be worn a Spanish traveling cloak of darkest green ladies' cloth, trimmed with a bordering and cape collar of dark-brown-fur, with muff and hat en suite. The bridal dress is of white brocaded velvet and the marvelous veil cost over $3,000.

The Grandest Sunset Yet.

New York Sun

Yesterday's sunset was the grandest New Yorkers have seen yet. The whole city gazed skyward in admiration while its changing colors illuminated the atmosphere. After the sun disappeared at 4½ o'clock, the southwestern sky became suddenly luminous with mingled hues of vivid green and pink. The colors swept from the horizon nearly to the zenith, and shone with a brilliancy that diffused a radiant haze through the atmosphere. The bright green gradually melted into golden yellow, and a purple border tinged the upper edge of the wave of pink. After a time the yellow, pink and purple all blended into a light crimson, which lingered long in the west and southwest. Stars came out one by one in the rich-hued sky, producing a spectacle of such unusual beauty that people stood still in the streets and gazed at it. The stars glowed like electric sparks against the crimson background. It was 6½ o'clock before the gorgeous colors entirely disappeared.

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Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Pueblo, Colorado, December 12, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the judge and ex-officio clerk of El Paso county court, at Colorado Springs, Colorado, on January 21st, 1884, viz Charles H Walton, declaratory statement No 5619, for the ne. ¼ sw. ¼, s ½ se ¼ and sw ¼ se ¼ sec. 9, tp 12 s, r 68 w He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Charles L Parsons, Peter Loy, George L King and Wayland S Rowell, all of Summit Park, El Paso county, Colorado

Eli Huddleston h s No 1,21 for lots 5, 6 and 8, and s ½ lot 7 of sw ¼ sec 18, tp 12 s of r 68 w He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz. T. E Johnson and E P Johnson, of Colorado Springs, El Paso county, Colorado, D. H Green and J. H Mathers, of Summit Park, El Paso county, Colorado

Mary W. Moore, declaratory statement No 5,742, for the sw qr of section 18, township 14 south, range 67 west. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz Alexander M. Hill, Maggie Hill, M. E. Irving and W. F Ellis, jr, all of Colorado Springs postoffice, El Paso county, Colorado

John Fring, declaratory statement No 5641, for the ne qr of section 1, township 12 south, range 67 west He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz. H B Walker, R P McAlroy, O P. Jackson and A D Tubbs, all of Husted postoffice, El Paso county, Colorado

Mark L Blunt, Register.
w10 15-8

Publication Notice.

Land Office at Pueblo, Col., January 7, 1884

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to commute his homestead to a cash entry and make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Pueblo, on February 18th, 1884, viz.

Winfield S. Dyer, homestead entry No. 2,023, for the s hf, se qr, nw qr, so qr and nw qr, sw qr of section 24, township 11 south, range 54 west He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Myron W. Jones and William A Wagoner, of Hugo, Colo; Anthony T. Thorn, of Denver, Colo, and Frank Tompkins, of Hugo, Colo.

Mark L. Blunt, Register.
wa-12-6

Notice for Publication.

Land Office at Pueblo, Col., January 7, 1884

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Pueblo, Colo, on February 18th, 1884, viz.

William A Wagoner, declaratory statement No 7,446 for the s hf, ne qr, nw qr, ne qr and ne qr, nw qr, section 4, township 11 south, range 54 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz. Myron W. Jones and Winfield S. Dyer, of Hugo, Colo; Anthony T. Thorn, of Denver, Colo., and Frank Tompkins, of Hugo, Colo.

Mark L. Blunt, Register.
wa-12-6

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AND UTAH

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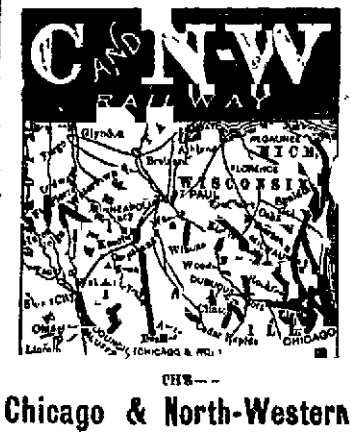

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F. C. ROWE,

Real Estate.

$10,000 TO LOAN

In Sums to Suit.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Houses

House of 6 rooms, N Tejon st	$40 00
4 room cottage, N Nevada ave	20.00
8 room cottage, Kiowa st	18 00
House of 8 rooms, N Weber st	40 00
House of 8 rooms, Boulder st	45 00
5-room cottage, Kiowa st	28 00
House of 9 rooms, N Nevada	50.00
House of 7 rooms, Tejon st	25 00
House of 7 rooms, Nevada ave	40 00
House of 6 rooms, Weber st	35.00
House of 8 rooms, Vermijo ave	35 00

Unfurnished Houses.

Residence of 9 rooms, Cascade ave	
House of 7 rooms, N Nevada ave	$25 00
House of 8 rooms, Wahsatch ave	15 00
House of 6 rooms, N Tejon st	25 00
House of 5 rooms, Pike's Peak ave	19 00
House of 4 rooms, Vermijo ave	5 00
House of 4 rooms, Moreno ave	6 00
House of 3 rooms, Tejon st	6 00
House of 5 rooms, Pike's Peak ave	14.00
House of 5 rooms, Cuchara st	10,00
2-room house, Nevada ave	4 00
4-room house, Cascade ave	15.00

An Entirely New List of Property For Sale will be Advertised in this Column Each Week. List for Week Ending January 19th, 1884, is as follows:

FOR SALE.

5476	80 ACRES Near Colorado City, much of it choice land, 25 acres bay land	$1,200
6133	N NEVADA AVE A new residence of modern style and finish at a sacrifice	
6147	SHEEP RANCH—One of the best sheep ranches near Colorado Springs, this is a rare opportunity to secure a fine ranch	
5577	CASCADE AVE Ten room residence on fine corner; a splendid bargain	5,000
5570	PIKE'S PEAK AVE—Nice new house of modern style and finish	4,000
5570	PIKE'S PEAK AVE—Pleasant cottage of 5 rooms, 2 rooms connect by folding doors	1,700
5561	WEBER ST—New two story house with modern improvements and furniture complete	4,200
5548	WAHSATCH AVE—50x190-foot lot, with house of 3 or 4 rooms, cheap	650
5513	S NEVADA AVE—Corner lot fronting south and west, with small unfinished house	350
5522	OAK ST—100x190 feet, with small house, barn, coal house, wood house, etc.	450

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited to call.

Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. C. ROWE,
No. 17, North Tejon St., Opp. Opera House.

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FULLY ESTABLISHED,

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We Offer the Following Desirable Properties

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED HOUSES.

One of the finest residences on North Weber completely and handsomely furnished, with ample grounds and very desirable in every respect; per mo, $80

The Warren house, corner Nevada and Boulder, completely furnished, eleven rooms and bath room, detached laundry, and good stable

House of 7 rooms, in large grounds on Pike's Peak avenue, facing south, per mo., $30.

The residence on Cascade avenue known as the Mollen house, with stable and large grounds will lease for a term, either furnished or unfurnished, at a satisfactory rental

Two furnished houses of 8 rooms each, on Boulder street, per month, $45.

Furnished house of 7 rooms on corner lot on Tejon; per mo., $35.

A small furnished house in fine neighborhood per mo, $30.

RANCH.

A good hay ranch of 320 acres on yearly lease; good improvements, including a well-built and finished 5-room house.

STORE ROOMS.

A large stone building on Huerfano, suitable for a blacksmith or carpenter, per mo., $30

A well located office on second floor, on Tejon street.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

The Wood house of 8 rooms, facing west, opposite the College Reservation, per mo, $40

A very desirable house of 6 rooms, with good stable, on N Weber, per mo, $25.

House of 6 rooms, bath room, etc, on St. Vrain street, per mo, $30

House of 7 rooms on Weber near Kiowa, per mo, $25

House of 5 rooms on corner lot, on N Nevada; per mo, $20

House of 5 rooms on 110 foot corner on North Weber, with stable, corral, etc., per mo, $15.

The Kirk house is a moderate rental.

Brick house of 8 rooms, on Kiowa street, per mo, $20.

House of 6 rooms on Wahsatch avenue, near Pike's Peak, per mo, $15

House of 7 rooms near Pike's Peak avenue; per month, $20

Second floors on Tejon, Huerfano and Pike Peak ave, or will rent in part.

House of 3 rooms on Cascade, per mo, $12.

House of 3 rooms on East Kiowa, per mo, $12

House on Corona; per mo, $13.50

House of 5 rooms on Wahsatch, per mo., $15.

House of 3 rooms on N Nevada; per mo, $12.

House of 3 rooms on N Wahsatch; per mo., $6.

Small house near Huerfano st, per mo, $5.

House of 6 rooms on N Wahsatch

Five rooms in a very central building on Tejon

House of 4 rooms on S Nevada, very central, per mo, $12

OFFICE, NO. 19 N. TEJON STREET.

Opp. Opera House.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for at our card rates.

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Surveyor and Civil Engineer.

OFFICE over Robinson's drug store. dwl-1 ly

JOHN CAMPBELL. J. E. McINTYRE.

CAMPBELL & McINTYRE,

Attorneys-at-Law,

ROOMS 6 and 7, Opera House a-3-tf

MRS. S. A. STODDARD

Teacher of Piano and Organ.

REFERS BY PERMISSION to Rev. Willis Lord, D D, and Rev. T C Kirkwood, D.D., of Colorado Springs, and Prof W. H. Skillman, president of the Kansas Business college, at Leavenworth Residence on west side Wahsatch, 3 doors south of Pike's Peak ave. m-29-1m*

MARY E. TITTEL,

Professional Nurse.

RESIDENCE on east side of Tejon street, between Rio Grande and Las Animas m-19-1m*

DR. W. L. BARTLETT,

DENTIST.

ROOMS over the post office. Business hour from 8 to 12 and 14 to 17 o'clock. f-4-1y

DR. C. F. EDWARDS,

DENTIST

ROOMS opposite the Opera House. Engagements can be made by telephone. d-19-tf

BOWLER & PALMER.

DENTISTS.

ROOMS in Prewitt Block, Tejon street, opposite Giddings & Stillman's. f-17-tf

DR. W. N. MESERVE,

DENTIST

UNION BLOCK. a-1-1y

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in here will be charged for at our card rates.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Tuesdays each month in the Y. M. C. A rooms.

MEAT MARKETS.

TARRAR & NEFF'S MARKET. H. Neff & L. E. Tarrar, dealers in meats, poultry, fish and game, first door south of postoffice Telephone orders solicited The only market in the city that handles fish twice a week g-10-tf.

Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper,
Wrapping Paper,
At the Gazette Office.

DAILY GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1884.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, January 16.—Money easy at 2 to 1½, closing offered 1½; prime paper 5 to 6; sterling exchange weaker 4.84½, demand 4.87; governments strong; railways weak and lower; state securities quiet. Speculation on the stock exchange in the first hour was feverish and unsettled; opened a fraction lower, advanced and soon weakened. Fluctuations were unimportant. After 11 dealings were characterized by more firmness, followed by a reaction of ½ to—1½.—During the afternoon St. Paul developed marked strength, which had a favorable effect on the general list. Oregon Transcontinental was heavy and depressed on talk of the appointment of a receiver. The market closed weak. The market was depressed to-day on reports of the calling of large loans on Oregon Transcontinental and the disturbed condition of the affairs of the Ontario & Western company. As compared with yesterday's closing prices, are down ½ to 2½. Oregon Improvement dropped 5 per cent. Transactions 400,000.

Dullness was prevailing over the mining market. Trading was confined to six stocks, and in these transactions amounted to only 2200 shares. Prices, however, were firm, Bulwer having advanced to 75; Little Chief to 47, ex dividend; and Leadville Consolidated 40. Bodie was firm at 5.50; Chrysolite 1.10.

Adams Express	139	American Express	91½
C. B. & Q.	120¾	Erie	24¾
D. & R. G.	22¾	Preferred	70
C. P.	61½	Morris & Essex	123¾
Missouri Pacific	86¾	N. Y. C.	111¼
Northwestern	114¾	U. P.	73¾
Preferred	142	Wells Fargo	109
Texas Pacific	18¾	Quicksilver	4½
U. S. Express	68	Preferred	36½
W. U. T.	72¾	Homestake	10
Little Pittsburg		Sutro	16
Ontario	29	Northern Pacific	23¾
South Pacific		Preferred	51½
ron Silver	215		

American Pork.

ST. LOUIS, January 16.—Emile Karst, the French consul in this city, in an interview regarding the action of the French government in relation to American pork, made the following statement: "An entirely erroneous impression prevails in the United States on the French government's course. It is generally believed here the prohibition of American pork importation was the result of unscrupulous lobbying in the French chambers. This is all wrong. Lobbyists are unknown in France. The whole truth of the matter is my government was informed that 10,000 pounds of diseased American pork was about to be shipped abroad. The French minister at Washington was notified to inquire into the rumor, and found, although perhaps not so great an amount had been or was to be exported, still a very large proportion of that sent abroad was the meat of animals which had died from hog cholera. The American inspector at Chicago himself declared that eight per cent of the hogs exported were diseased. These facts being transmitted to France the embargo on the American hog was the result. Rather than take the chances of eating trichinæ affected pork in France they decided to have done at all. That is the whole secret of the much agitated and much less understood American hog question in France."

The Sugar Cane.

ST. LOUIS, January 16.—The fifth annual convention of the Mississippi Valley Cane Growers' association met this morning. About fifty delegates were present, representing several states. The annual address was delivered by President Norman J. Coleman of St. Louis, who reviewed the work of the year. The speaker believed the time had come to organize the national cane growers association with the object of developing the sugar industry throughout the country. The value of syrup produced from southern cane was fully $10,000,000. The meeting room was filled with samples of sugar and syrup made from northern cane, which were inspected with much interest. The address of the president was referred to a committee of four for consideration. A delegation from the Louisiana Sugar Growing association were present.

Texas Legislation.

GALVESTON, January 16.—A News Austin special says: In the lower house of the legislature to-day a resolution endorsing the course of Governor Ireland in dealing with the fence trouble, the blame of which is imputed to grand juries and other officers, was laid on the table, ayes 45, nays 45. The chair voted in the affirmative. A number of members endorsed the governor but opposed the resolution as ill-timed and unnecessary. The resolution was subsequently called from the table. A motion to adjourn on account of the disorder caused a period of the utmost confusion. The resolution was finally adopted, 67 to 26.

Fires.

KANSAS CITY, January 16.—A Times' Fayetteville, Mo., special says: Fire early this morning destroyed almost the entire block of buildings on the public square. Total loss $75,000; insurance $40,000.

LONDON, January 17, 6:30 a. m.—A furious fire is raging in the premises of S. W. Silver & Co., colonial merchants and publishers, 67 Cornhill. The whole city is illuminated. Fire engines are arriving on the scene from all parts of the metropolis.

Rich Strikes.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 16.—A Bodie, Cala., dispatch says: Excitement prevails of rich strikes in Standard and Bodie. It is claimed the Standard has in sight rich ground enough to last two years.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Indications for Colorado Fair weather.

Schuyver, the explorer of equatorial Africa, is dead.

At Vicksburg last night Jack McKenna, a gambler, killed Wilson, a faro dealer.

Moulders at the Lebanon, Pa., stove works strike against 10 per cent reduction in wages.

It is stated 1,500 additional reinforcements will start for Tonquin about the end of January from France.

Hill, Hudson & Co., crockery, Denver, assigned yesterday. Estimated liabilities, $8,700; nominal assets $12,000.

The brigand chief, Sessi was shot dead in Sardinia by carbineers arresting him. He made a desperate resistance.

A statement of the operation of the A. T. & S. F. railroad shows gross earnings of the year ending December were $15,867,669. Expenses and taxes $7,650,810.

The case of Orth Stein, for the killing of George Fredericks, remanded from the supreme court, has been continued by consent to the May term of the criminal court.

At the end of last night's play in the Schaeffer-Vignaux billiard match the score stood: Schaeffer 1,800, Vignaux 1,563. Schaeffer made a run of 201; Vignaux's highest 147.

Great alarm has been caused at Montevideo by immense tidal waves, one of which caused the death of a woman bather. They are attributed to volcanic movements. Each wave was preceded by large dark clouds.

MINING MATTERS.

Notes Gleaned From Our Exchanges.

RICH MINES IN BOLIVIA.

The following letter we take from an exchange:

ORURO, Bolivia, S. A., October 10, 1883.

I have been in the interior of this country for the past year, and during that time have had but little communication with the outside world. I have had a tough time of it, but I have made some of the richest discoveries in the world. I have gold quartz that runs from a few ounces to one thousand ounces per ton; and I have a whole mountain of it. It is useless for me to try to describe by letter the richness of Bolivia in gold and silver, but it is certainly the richest country under the sun. I have had fine health since I left the United States, not having been sick a day, and have been working in water most of the time. We are in latitude seventeen degrees south of the equator. The days are warm, but when out at night you need a heavy overcoat, and to sleep comfortably you want plenty of blankets.

I will now tell you about some rich placer grounds where I expect to begin work in April. The stream has been worked to some extent, but not one hundredth part of the ground is worked out. It is from twenty-five to thirty feet to bed-rock. The pay streak on bed-rock is about six feet thick and from five dollars to one thousand dollars have been taken out to the pan.—In one instance nine hundred pounds of gold were taken out of a shaft sunk to bed-rock in one day.

The natives of this country take no interest in mining and but few foreigners have got "on to" it yet. Four-fifths of the foreigners here are laborers.

I am now at work in a silver mine where all the ore shipped runs two thousand ounces to the ton. They don't work rock here that runs less than a thousand ounces per ton. There are plenty of mines here where the silver ore runs from two hundred to three hundred ounces per ton, but no attention is paid to them. I have some gold rock from which, if I had a man with me who could put up the means to work it, we could take out a hundred dollars per day to each man, but at present I can do but little, as I am a stranger to the country, and have neither friends nor money to do anything with. Consequently I am at work for wages. If I could come home and get back by April one I would do so, as I think I could raise the necessary money to make a start on, as it would not take much. I feel sure that if you could come down here with ten thousand dollars we could make a million in a short time. I shall write to several parties in the states and shall be disappointed if I fail to get help, as several parties with capital promised to help me if I succeeded in finding any good property, which I certainly have.

The dry season begins here in April and lasts until December, and that is the time to work. Quartz lodes are as thick as gopher holes in Colorado. The mine I came to see I have never seen, but it is very rich.

Any one coming to this country should bring American gold, as it is worth more than the money here. There are plenty of ways to make money here, if you have a little to start with. I would not advise anyone to come to this country, however, without money. I think that at the close of the war, which is close at hand, the country will be filled up with foreigners from all parts of the world. Give my regards to Jack Bowman and all the boys. In a couple of weeks I expect to have a job that will pay me $200 a month.

DRONES.

Dolores News.

Old miners, prospectors and mountain men are, as a rule, a big hearted people. They make money and spend the same freely. They cut trails and help to build country wagon roads and are generally willing to do anything in reason to help and assist the mountain country to emerge from its primitive condition. The new comers, very often, are a close fisted, niggardly, parsimonious set of citizens, always seeking to grab and jump something—ever after a mine or a something that will bring them money. They are always trying to hug a big or little matter, if it is valuable or not, ever getting all they can find and never giving anything up. They come into the country to "make"—they are on the make and when they get full of mines, locations, claims and everything in sight worth owning they expect to "light out" and go home. This is one of the great drawbacks of Colorado at present and has been since its settlement and must continue for a long time to come. How to get around these traveling, impecunious, poor and broken down men who resort to Colorado to sap it by cunning, sharpness, trickery, adroitness and all the arts and wiles of a played out class of men emigrating from elsewhere, is a question. Their capital stock in trade which they bring into the state is neither of use or value to the state or people. Skinning honest people is their forte, peeling the country of its wealth and resources its sole object. There are hundreds of worthy, upright and most honorable men who are constantly coming into Colorado on business and pleasure. They are exceptions to the general class alluded to. There are gentlemen who come into the state with a view of making it a home for themselves and families and intend to remain. They are the men who will help to make the state great in time, whether they bring with them little or much money. There are those who come with money to invest and they succeed in paying for all they acquire. Such men increase the taxable property of the state and are a benefit. There are hundreds of others who come to work and make an honest living in every way, ever acting the honorable part always and in all things. Such men in time become the leading men in every state and community.

El Mahdi's Campaign.

LONDON, January 16.—A telegram from the Austrian consul at Khartoum says all the higher officials at El Obeid have been massacred.

CAIRO, January 16.—It is rumored that Khartoum has been captured.

Proposals.

Public notice is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of El Paso county, Colorado, will receive sealed proposals, until Monday, February 4th, A. D. 1884, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the furnishing of the necessary materials and the construction of a county building, with offices and vault room; said building to be located upon lots 31 and 32, in block 82, in the city of Colorado Springs; the building to be constructed according to the plans and specifications thereof now on file in the county clerk's office. The successful bidder will be required to give good and sufficient bonds that the contract will be undertaken and completed to the satisfaction of the Board of County Commissioners. Proposals to be directed to the undersigned as county clerk, and endorsed "Proposals for construction of county building." The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board,
E. J. EATON, County Clerk.
Colorado Springs, January 12, 1884.
n-13-4sw-w3

WHIPPLE & ROBY

Contractors and Builders,

NEVADA AVENUE. o-27-tf

WANTED.

WANTED—The use of an upright piano for three months. Address Box 160. n-16-2t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A good second hand buggy and harness; also agent for the Gay Road Cart. H. B. Haynes. n-10-tf

FOR SALE—First class home hay and straw delivered on short notice at lowest market price. Stevens & House. m-16-tf

FOR SALE.—Old papers, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf.

LOST.

LOST—At the Loan Exhibition, a pocket knife of peculiar design. A liberal reward will be paid if returned to the Gazette office. n-16-3

Notice of Final Settlement.

In the matter of the estate of Charles Ayer, deceased. Notice is hereby given, that on Monday, the 27th day of January, A. D. 1884, being one of the regular days of the January term of the county court of El Paso county, in the state of Colorado, I, Caroline M. Ayer, administratrix of said estate, will appear before the judge of said court, present my final settlement as such administratrix, pray the approval of the same, and will then apply to be discharged as such administratrix. At which time and place any person in interest may appear and present objections to the same, if any there be.

CAROLINE M. AYER,
Administratrix of the estate of Charles Ayer, deceased.
Dated at Colorado Springs, Colo., December 29th, 1883. m-30-td

Summons.

STATE OF COLORADO, } ss.
County of El Paso. }
In the county court of said county, in the state of Colorado.
Mary S. Morley, Plaintiff,
Against
Joseph F. Morley, Defendant.
The People of the State of Colorado send Greeting:

To Joseph F. Morley, defendant, above named. You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the county court of the county of El Paso, state of Colorado, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after service on you of this summons, if served within this county; or if served out of this county, but in this district, within twenty days; otherwise within forty days; or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to procure a decree of this court dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground that on or about the first day of January, 1883, defendant, without any reasonable cause, deserted and abandoned plaintiff, and still continues so to desert and abandon plaintiff and to live separate and apart from her, without her consent and against her will, as will more fully appear by the complaint on file herein, to which reference is here made.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the county court of the county of El Paso, state of Colorado, at Colorado Springs, this 8th day of January, A. D. 1884. EDWARD P. WHELAN, Clerk.
[SEAL]

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1884.

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We beg leave to announce to the public that, having completed arrangements with Messrs. Chapman & Hall, Kegan Paul, Trench & Co., and Isbister & Co., of London, publishers of the FORTNIGHTLY, NINETEENTH CENTURY, and CONTEMPORARY REVIEWS, we will, on January 1, 1884, commence the reissuing of these popular publications in America. In form they will be directly modeled after the original editions, the size of page being slightly reduced, but containing the English text line for line. The prices will be kept at low figures, notwithstanding the expense of printing in such a form—being 50 per cent. less than the English editions.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1884.

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

No. 1, Leadville mail, for Pueblo, El Moro, West Cliff, Leadville and Kansas City, arrive 11.32 a. m., depart 11.37 a. m.

" 3 Leadville express, for Pueblo, Kansas City, Leadville, Frisco, Red Cliff, Silverton and New Mexico, and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 10.37 p. m. depart 10.43 p. m.

" 7. Pacific express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake, Ogden, San Francisco and all points west, daily, arrive 10.57 p. m., depart 11.00 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 2, Denver express, from Leadville, West Cliff, El Moro, Pueblo and Kansas City, arrive 3.45 p. m., depart 3.50 p. m.

" 4. Eastern express, from Red Cliff, Frisco, Leadville, Kansas City, Pueblo and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 3.50 a. m., depart 3.35 a. m.

" 8. Atlantic express, from California, Ogden, Salt Lake, Gunnison and all intermediate points, daily, arrive 5.40 p. m., depart 5.44 p. m.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

Leave Colo. Springs.	Leave Manitou.
9:15 a. m.	8:50 a. m.
12:05 p. m.	11:05 a. m.
5:00 p. m.	3:15 p. m.

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Horton reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address

J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

Denver & New Orleans Railway.

GOING SOUTH.	GOING NORTH.
No. .....5.45 p. m.	No. 2..... 9.45 a. m.

Postoffice Bulletin.

The postoffice is open daily from 7.30 a. m. to 7.30 p. m. Sundays from 12 m. to 1 p. m. and from 5.00 to 6.00 p. m. Mails arrive and depart as follows:

GOING SOUTH		DEPART.
Via D. & R. G	11.12 a. m.	3.00 p. m.
Via D. & N. O.		5.25 p. m.
GOING NORTH		
Via D. & N. O.	9.25 a. m.	
Via D. & R. G.	3.15 p. m.	5.20 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE NORTH.		ARRIVE.
Via D. & R. G.	12.00 m.	10.40 p. m.
Via D. & N. O.		6.00 p. m.
MAIL FROM THE SOUTH.		
Via D. & N. O.	10.00 a. m.	
Via. D. & R. G.	3.50 a. m.	3.55-6.00 "
	DEPART.	ARRIVE
Colorado City & Manitou....	11.25 a. m.	12.10 m
Manitou.	3.20 p. m.	3.55 p. m.

Mail for Sanview and Hatton closes Sunday at 8.00 p. m. Arrives Thursday at 6.00 p. m.

Mail for Suffolk and Sanborn closes Monday at 12 m., and arrives Saturday at 3 p. m.

The thermometer was down to about zero at daylight yesterday morning.

Judge Helm came down from Denver on yesterday morning's Denver & Rio Grande train.

The delegates to the G. A. R. convention at Denver have not as yet returned to Colorado Springs.

A tag-bee will be held at the M. E. parsonage at 2 p. m. Tea served at 6 in the evening. A cordial invitation extended to all.

Officer McCabe's case was called again yesterday, but continued until Wednesday the 23d inst., Gaines the complaining witness being unable to appear in court.

Bob Ingersoll will deliver a lecture at the Tabor opera house, Denver, on Sunday night. He happens to be there as ex-Senator Dorsey's attorney in a case which is coming up for trial.

January 28th is the date decided upon for the appearance here of Frank Mayo in "Davy Crockett." He will be supported by an excellent company and the drama is one that interests the people.

We are pleased to learn of the increase of pupils at the Corona Institute. This school certainly offers superior advantages to the youth of both sexes. Strangers seeking a superior private school will do well to visit the Corona ere deciding.

Judge McFerran has been in poor health for some time but his condition during the past few days has been rather alarming, so much so that his daughters, absent from the city, were sent for and are now at his home. We learned yesterday, however, that the judge's condition was more favorable.

We were in error yesterday in stating that the match race for $200 a side between "Paddy" and "Nick" would occur yesterday whereas it should have been this morning at 11 o'clock. The track at the Pike's Peak Driving park is in an excellent condition and a fast and exciting race is looked for.

Prof. H. W. Seager, who conducted the production of the cantata of Queen Esther at the Academy of Music in Denver, arrived in the city yesterday and registered at the Antlers. The professor comes here with a view to getting up a cantata at the opera house to be participated in by local talent. He has all the necessary costumes.

The Denver & Rio Grande express, due here at 11:32 yesterday morning, met with an accident which caused a delay of thirty minutes. While passing through the yards at Burnham a broken switch bolt ran the train off the track into the yard with the exception of two cars. Some of the passengers were considerably shaken up but no one injured. A new engine and additional cars were obtained and in a very short space of time the train was on its way again reaching this city only thirty minutes late. The train was running slow at the time, otherwise more damage or possibly the loss of life might have resulted.

Michael McQuaid, the Divide lanchman charged with lunacy, whose case was partially tried in the county court before a jury several days ago and adjourned for want of farther testimony, was called again yesterday afternoon. Three additional witnesses, David McShane, Robert Donnelly and S. C. Stout, were examined and gave in testimony that proved clearly that the defendant was not in his right mind. The most of the witnesses were warm friends of McQuaid, and thought he could be better cared for at the asylum. After some deliberation the jury returned a verdict that the man was insane. He will be sent to the insane asylum at Pueblo to-day.

A gentleman whose name we will forbear mentioning, who has a very pleasant little home in Colorado Springs was called to Denver on business Sunday and did not return until Tuesday night on the late Rio Grande train. Upon reaching his home he was not a little surprised to find the house locked up and deserted. As it was late at night he did not make any enquiry as to the cause. Yesterday morning he ascertained, however, that his wife and only child had taken the south bound train Monday morning, purchasing a ticket for Salida. Yesterday the deserted husband took the Rio Grande for Salida in search of the runaway wife. From the information obtained we understand that there has been some little infelicity existing in the family for some time, which will account for the woman's sudden departure. The injured husband does not seem to care so much for regaining the unfaithful wife as he does his only child.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ Ten cents per line for first insertion; five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No. 2 Pike's Peak Avenue. j 13 tf

For pure and fresh drugs, at eastern prices, go to Church & Co.'s drug store. a-15-tf

"HACKMETACK," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. F. E. Robinson, Agent.

IMPORTANT TO TRAVELERS.

Close connections are now made by the D. & R. G. railroad in Union depot at Denver with the "Burlington Route" trains, thus enabling passengers from this city to take the popular line to all points east, making same time as by other roads with the advantage of going via Denver. Parties anticipating a trip east should procure tickets over this favorite route. Fast time and sure connections to Omaha, Kansas City, Chicago and the east. f-19-tf

Collins & Co. are selling eggs at 25 cents per dozen and warrant them fresh. Good butter, 25 cents per pound; choice butter, 30 cents. a-17-4

Glass lamps trimmed complete, with a No. 1 burner, for 25 cents, at Halstin & Fairley's. m-19-tf

Go to Charles Walker & Co.'s for bargains in millinery. New goods will be adding from time to time. a-5-tf

SEE THIS!—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs. Church & Co. will fill them correctly and at eastern prices. f 13 tf

SHILOH'S CURE WILL immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis. F. E. Robinson, Agent.

GENTLEMEN

Who desire to

Keep Copies of Their Letters,

Even occasionally, will find

McDonald's Stylograph Copying Book

Of very great value and convenience. A copy is taken and left in the book as you write. No press is needed. Just the thing for parties who do not keep a copying book and press.

ROOKSELLER. o-1-1y

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

The necessity for prompt and efficient household remedies is daily growing more imperative, and of these Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the chief in merit and the most popular. Irregularity of the stomach and bowels, malarial fevers, liver complaint, debility, rheumatism and minor ailments, are thoroughly conquered by this incomparable family restorative and medicinal safeguard, and it is justly regarded as the purest and most comprehensive remedy of its class. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally. dw-g-1y

JUST READY.

Appleton's Illustrated Guide to Mexico,

INCLUDING A

Chapter on Guatemala, and a Complete English-Speaking Vocabulary.

By ALFRED B. CONKLING,

Member of the New York Academy of Sciences, and formerly United States Geologist.

Letter from Gen. Grant.

NEW YORK CITY, Dec. 3, 1883.

Dear Sir: I have read over the advance sheets of your excellent "Guide Book to Mexico" with great pleasure. It supplies a want now for the first time being felt. Mexico, with all her resources of soil, climate, and mines, has not attracted much of the attention of people of other lands until within the last three or four years. Now, with the rapid strides she is making and is destined to make—toward a commercial prosperity, rarely equaled by any nation in the past, travel to that country will increase many fold, and your book will give the traveler the information he wants. Information is wonderfully condensed in it, and I wonder at its completeness in so little space.

Very truly yours, U. S. GRANT.

Alfred B. Conkling, Esq.

With a Railway Map and Numerous Illustrations. 12mo., cloth, price $2.00. Sent, post-paid, on receipt of price.

D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,

1, 3 & 5, Bond St., New York.

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Colorado Springs, Colo.

Collegiate, Preparatory, Normal and Metallurgical DEPARTMENTS.

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W. D. SHELDON, Greek, Latin, Anglo-Saxon
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GEORGE N. MARDEN, History, Political Science, Metaphysics
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MARETTA KIES, Preparatory Department

Second Term Begins Jan. 2d.

TUITION:

Second Term (10 weeks) $10.00; Third Term (10 weeks) $10.00; Assaying, $20.00; Blowpiping, $10.00; Analytical Chemistry, $10.00.

A well-appointed Boarding House is conducted in connection with the College.

Manual labor furnished deserving students.

For further information, address

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Colorado Springs, Colo.
a-1-tf

RARE OPPORTUNITY!

Previous to departure for Japan

H. Amidon

Will offer

AT PRIVATE SALE

In the Carpenter Block, a Superb and Varied Collection of

JAPANESE WORKS OF ART

Of unusual rarity. Lovers of the beautiful will find this a grand chance for cultivating their tastes. The sale will commence on

Wednesday, January 16th,

And continue for a few days only. Catalogues at the building.

☞ CARPENTER BLOCK ☜ -15 tf

Weber Street Private School!

On MONDAY, FEBRUARY 4th, the Second Term will begin, which will be a suitable time for new pupils to enter.

The pupils are carefully classified, and thoroughness is aimed at rather than rapid advancement. German and Latin, though optional, are included in the regular course; and so is Drawing in the Primary department, while it is an extra in the advanced classes. French, an extra, is taught by a native French lady, who resides in the family, and is prepared to receive outside pupils.

E. C. F. KRAUSS.

January 12th, 1884. a-12-12

W. M. MARLOW,

The well-known Upholsterer, is now with

Halstin & Fairley,

And is prepared to do all kinds of Upholstering in the latest and most approved style, and satisfaction guaranteed in every particular. a-12-1m

AINSWORTH BROWN

Opera House Block.

Painters' Materials and Oils

WALL PAPER, GLASS,

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ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Painting, Paper Hanging and Calcimining.

W. JENNINGS & SON

Proprietors of

The Old Reliable Transfer Line

And Dealers in

CANON CITY COAL.

Office at the Coal Yard, near Freight Depot. Orders booked at the hardware stores of Durkee & Lee and G. S. Barnes.

SPECIAL BUSINESS LOCAL.

These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the liver, billiousness, jaundice, constipation, weak kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by F. E. Robinson. dwk-5-1y

A Startling Discovery.

Physicians are often startled by remarkable discoveries. The fact that Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption and all throat and lung diseases is daily curing patients that they have given up to die is startling them to realize their sense of duty, and examine into the merits of this wonderful discovery; resulting in hundreds of our best physicians using it in their practice. Trial bottle free at F. E. Robinson's drug store. Regular size $1.00. dwk-5-1y

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by F. E. Robinson. dwk-5-1y

WALTER M. HATCH, President.
JOHN B SEVERY, Treasurer.
A. H. PARTRIDGE, Secretary.

Colorado Springs Investment and Improvement Company.

The Colorado Springs Investment and Improvement company has for sale Town Lots to the extent of more than ten miles of street frontage, in the neighborhood of Colorado College, and hundreds of acres of excellent Garden Lands. This company offers Improved Property, Garden Tracts, and Town Lots upon easy terms to those who, for considerations of health or education, wish to make homes in Colorado, and provides good board, rooms and rental at moderate prices to those who need temporary quarters while determining the question of a removal to a health-giving country.

Full information given upon application to

WALTER M. HATCH, or
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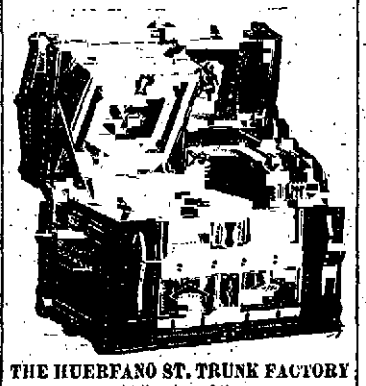
Colorado Springs, Colo.
a-1-tf



THE HUERFANO ST. TRUNK FACTORY
At the sign of the
MAMMOTH BLUE TRUNK
Will promptly attend to any orders for repairing. A complete stock of everything in the line always on hand.
H. T. CONSTEIN. m m-21-1m

DRUGS! DRUGS!

THE HUERFANO STREET

DRUG STORE

Having changed hands, the manager would respectfully call the attention of physicians and the public generally to the fact that he has added a

Complete Line of New Drugs

to his already heavy stock, and having secured the services of a THOROUGHLY COMPETENT AND FIRST-CLASS PRESCRIPTION DRUGGIST, from Indianapolis, Ind., he is now prepared to compound accurately all prescriptions, fill all orders and supply the wants of the public generally in the drug line.

C. STOCKBRIDGE, Manager.
b-24-tf

T. F. CLIFFORD,

West Huerfano St.,

Has always a corps of competent workmen and will promptly attend to all orders for

Carriage Manufacturing,
Carriage Repairing,
Horse Shoeing

AND

BLACKSMITHING

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First National Bank

OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

Capital - - $50,000
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Buys and sells foreign and domestic exchange and does a general banking business. k-3-tf

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e-3-tf

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AUGUST WEIRLE,

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Of Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments. Also manufacturer of Guitars, Zithers and Violins. Residence opposite Clark's nursery. All orders left at Aiken's or Duncan's music stores will receive prompt attention. m-18-1m

New Year 1884. **NOTICE!** New Year 1884.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

The Partnership now existing between Edward Ferris and I. T. Jones, Jr., under the style of Ferris & Jones, will terminate January 31, '84.

GREAT REDUCTIONS!

Referring to the above we call particular attention to the great reductions made for the purpose of

CLOSING OUT OUR STOCK

A PARTIAL LIST of which we give below:

All Moire and Brocade Silks at half price.
All Fancy Christmas Goods (a few left) half price.
All Combs, Brushes, Pocket Books, etc., at 25 per cent. off.
All Children's Gloves at 25 to 50 per cent. off.
All Men's Neck Wear at half price.
All Knit Jackets, Leggings and Hoods at half price.
Many other things at half price.
All Ladies' Gloves 10 per cent. off to half price.
All Ladies' Underwear 10 per cent. to one-fourth off.
All Ladies' Neck Wear one-third off.
All Laces and Embroideries one-third off.
All Men's Gloves one-third off.
All Fancy Dress Goods one-third off.
All Staple Dress Goods 20 per cent. off.
All Black Silks and Satins 20 per cent. off.
All Colored Silks and Satins one-fourth off.
All Colored Plushes one-fourth off.
All Colored and Black Velvets 10 per cent. off.
All Table Linens 10 to 20 per cent. off.
All Towels and Napkins 15 to 25 per cent. off.
All Hosiery Ladies', Gents' and Children's—10 to 50 per cent. off.
All Ladies' Cloths reduced from $1.35 to $1.00 and $1.15.
All Printed Percales and Cambrics reduced to 10c.
All Ginghams reduced to 8c and 10c.
All Ladies' Skirts reduced one-third.
All White Blankets reduced one-fourth.
All Colored Blankets reduced 10 per cent.
All Ladies' Coats, Jackets and Wraps reduced one-fourth.
All Corsets reduced 20 per cent.
All Ladies' Cloakings one-fourth to one-third off.
Many other articles that we cannot enumerate.

IN FACT IT IS A

Big Reduction of Our Entire Stock

All of the Reductions given above are BONA FIDE and will be adhered to

EXACTLY as ADVERTISED

No such OPPORTUNITY has occurred for years in Colorado Springs for purchasing CHEAP and at the same time

Good and Desirable Goods

Come then and spend your money where it will give you the greatest value. Respectfully,

FERRIS & JONES.

N. B.—A Large Assortment of REMNANTS IN DRESS GOODS at RIDICULOUSLY LOW PRICES.

"Veritas ad finem." a-1-1y

GIDDINGS & STILLMAN

SIMPLY WISH PURCHASERS OF GOODS TO CALL AND EXAMINE THEIR STOCK AND DETERMINE FOR THEMSELVES IF THEIR STOCK AND ASSORTMENT IS NOT FULLY AS LARGE AND PRICES FULLY AS LOW, IF NOT LOWER, THAN THOSE OFFERING 10, 15, 25, 30 AND 50 PER CENT. OFF. THEY ARE OFFERING AT A BIG DISCOUNT THEIR LARGE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES', CHILDREN'S AND MISSES'

Cloaks, Dolmans and Ulsters.

j-20-tf

EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTION

IN

DRY GOODS!!

Prices reduced to figures that will make it to the interest of all buyers to patronize me.

Dress Goods reduced 20 to 25 per cent.
Cloaks, Dolmans, Ulsters, etc., at cost
Entire stock of Prints at 5 cents per yard.
Entire stock of Ginghams at 10 cents per yard.
Fifteen-cent Dress Cambrics at 12 1-2 cents.
Ladies' & Gents' $2.00 Scarlet Underwear at $1.50.
Ladies' & Gents' $1.50 Scarlet Underwear at $1.20.
Children's Underwear reduced to cost.
Blankets and Flannels reduced 10 to 20 per cent.
Yarns bought by the pound, reduced 16⅔ per cent.
Heavy Cloaking reduced to actual cost.
Wool Jackets and Nubias at less than cost.
My entire line reduced so that it will pay all buyers to purchase at the prices given.

D. J. MARTIN.

j 21-4m

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